



Hydraulic Fracturing Tests in the Laboratory with Imageand Acoustic Emission Monitoring

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ARMA Symposium 2015 – San Francisco





Outline

- Problem Statement
- Test Setup
- Typical Data Obtained
- Conclusion



Problem Statement

- Fracturing processes when a rock is hydraulically fractured
- Hydraulic fracturing causes seismic events of different magnitude







Problem Statement







• Specimen and Flaw Pair Configuration







• Overall View







• Diagram







• Water Pressure Device







- Designed to withstand 10 MPa of water pressure





 Example of water pressure and volume injected data obtained from test – 2a-30-60-VL0



- WP and Volume Injected vs Time for the entire test
- Test was performed on specimen with geometry 2a-30-60 with 0 MPa of vertical stress





• Example of water pressure and volume injected data obtained from test – 2a-30-60-VL0



- WP and Volume Injected vs Time for the last 5 seconds of the test





• Example of imaging data obtained from test – 2a-30-60-VL0



High-Res Frame: Sketch 3 showing white patching p_{water}: 4.91 MPa σ_{vertical}: 0.00 MPa



HSV Frame: Sketch 9 showing visible cracking p_{water}: 4.90MPa σ_{vertical}: 0.00 MPa



- High-resolution images captured every 5 or 2 seconds throughout the test
- High-Speed Video (HSV) Frames capturing approximately last 1.613 sec of the test





• Example of imaging analysis from test – 2a-30-60-VL0



Development of "white patching" (micro-cracking)

Initiation and propagation of macroscopic cracks





• Example of acoustic emission analysis for test – 2a-30-60-VL0



The colors of the dots indicate different first P-wave amplitudes.





AE events from Sketch 2 and Sketch 3

Last 100 AE events of the test





• Example of acoustic emission analysis for test – 2a-30-60-VL0



- Number of hits and events start to increase substantially at approximately the same time as Sketch 1, the first sketch in which white patching is observed with the High-Resolution camera





Conclusions

- The water pressure device and test setup developed at MIT are capable of simultaneously applying water pressure in pre-existing flaws and vertical load on rock specimens
- The test setup includes visual and acoustic emission monitoring
- The test setup has been successfully used in several tests performed on granite specimens